

10 Facts You Probably Didn't Know About Women in Israel (2014)

POPULATION

The population of Israel (end of 2013) is about 8 million. While the majority of Israeli citizens are Jewish, Israel has a large Arab minority.

Out of approximately 2.9 million females aged 15 or older living in Israel, about 2.4 million are Jewish (82%) and 534,000 are Arab.

POLITICAL POWER

Israeli women have yet to achieve political power: 27 out of 120 legislators (22%) are women – the highest percentage ever; however, only one is an Arab woman. Four out of 23 Cabinet members are women. Only 367 out of 2423 (15%) of local council members (elected officials) are women.

S EMPLOYMENT

Employment rates are high for Jewish women but low for Arab women, due to lack of local development, jobs and public transportation in Arab localities: 65% of Jewish women but only 26% of Arab women aged 15 and over are in the labor force. The percentage of Israeli working women employed in parttime jobs is 33%, compared with 13.5% for men.



Israel has a system of day care centers and family day care that receives public subsidies. However, the facilities are much more accessible to Jewish women than to Arab women: 24% of Jewish children under the age of 3 are in approved day care frameworks, compared with 10.6% of Arab children. The public protest of 2011 led to the development of free public day care for 3 year-olds, in addition to the free kindergartens for 4-5 year olds.

WAGES

There is a wage gap in Israel similar to that in other developed countries. Jewish women's hourly pay is, on average, 85% of Jewish men's. Arab women's hourly pay is 8% higher than Arab men's hourly pay, due to the fact that most Arab women in the labor force are college-educated, and most Arab men in the labor force are not.

6 INCOME

There is still a huge gap between women's and men's income. Women constitute about 23% of employed persons in the top income bracket (10th decile) but 68% of employed persons in the bottom income bracket (1st decile). Arab women's average income is lower than Jewish women's average income.

TAXATION

As women earn less than men, they pay less in income taxes. Women pay 20% of total income tax revenues. No breakdown is available for Jewish and Arab women.



Women's marriage age is on the rise. The average marriage age (first marriage) for Jewish women is 25.9, for Christian women, 25.4; for Druze women, 23.2; and for Moslem women, 22.

DIVORCE

The fact that in Israel personal status matters are relegated to the religious rather than the civil courts results in divorce being a serious problem for women of all religious denominations.

10 EDUCATION

Over half of Jewish girls (65.5%) and Arab girls (61.7%) in twelfth grade graduate high school with a matriculation certificate (bagrut). When it comes to college study, 42% of Jewish women begin college studies within 8 years of high school graduation, compared with 33% of Jewish men. For Arab youngsters, the comparable figures are 20% for women and 16% for men.